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23910 7	7590 06/28/2005		EXAM	INER
FLIESLER MEYER, LLP FOUR EMBARCADERO CENTER			PHAM, THOMAS K	
SUITE 400	RCADERO CENTER		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN FRANCI	SCO, CA 94111		2121	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/829,524	SMITH, STEVEN J.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Thomas K. Pham	2121	
	he MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence addres	SS
Period for F	• •			
THE MA - Extensio after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ILLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Ins of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is it is it is precified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply it is of for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, or received by the Office later than three months after the mailing atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a man within the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON a cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  ITHS from the mailing date of this commu	unication.
Status				
1)⊠ Re	esponsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 Ju</u>	<u>ıne 2005</u> .		
		action is non-final.		
3)∏ Si	nce this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the me	erits is
cle	osed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition	of Claims			
4)⊠ CI	aim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a	) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.		
5)∐ CI	aim(s) is/are allowed.			
	aim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are rejected.			
	aim(s) is/are objected to.			
8)∏ CI	aim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.		`~
Application	Papers			
9)∐ Th	e specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	,	
• —		epted or b) ☐ objected to	•	
•	plicant may not request that any objection to the			
	eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11)∐ Ih	e oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached	Office Action of form PTO-1	152.
Priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119			
	knowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1.	Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.		
2.	Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in A	pplication No	
	Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been	received in this National Stag	ge
3.	application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
3.	application from the international bureat	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_

6) Other: \_

Office Action Summary

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# Response to Amendment

1. This action is in response to request for re-consideration filed on 6/9/2005.

2. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office

action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn. However, upon

further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,671,715

by Langseth et al.

#### Quotations of U.S. Code Title 35

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. Claims 1-7, 10-17, 20-25, 31-32, 34-35, 37 and 39-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,671,715 ("Langseth").

## Regarding claim 1

Langseth teaches a method for transmitting electronic messages comprising:

- generating a plurality of lists of mailing addresses, each of said lists containing a portion of a primary mailing list (col. 16 lines 19-26);
- allocating a plurality of independent electronic mail delivery resources (FIG. 5, "Data distribution servers") wherein plurality of electronic mail delivery resources are capable of processing separate ones of the plurality of lists in parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15);
- providing separate ones of the plurality of lists or groups of the plurality of lists to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 16 lines 26-32);
- creating the electronic mail messages by the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources based on the lists and on generic message content data (col. 5 lines 14-17); and
- transmitting the electronic mail messages with the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources to addressees contained in the lists sent to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 9 lines 1-9).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the "jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5).

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Regarding claim 11

Langseth teaches a system for transmitting electronic messages comprising:

- a means for generating a plurality of lists of mailing addresses, each of said lists

containing a portion of a primary mailing list (col. 16 lines 19-26);

- a means for allocating a plurality of independent electronic mail delivery resources (FIG.

5, "Data distribution servers") wherein plurality of electronic mail delivery resources are

capable of processing separate ones of the plurality of lists in parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15);

a means for providing separate ones of the plurality of lists or groups of the plurality of

lists to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 16 lines 26-32);

- a means for creating the electronic mail messages by the plurality of electronic mail

delivery resources based on the lists and on generic message content data (col. 5 lines 14-

17); and

- a means for transmitting the electronic mail messages with the plurality of electronic mail

delivery resources to addressees contained in the lists sent to the plurality of electronic

mail delivery resources (col. 9 lines 1-9).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data

delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the

"jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of

mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such

as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5).

Langseth teaches a machine readable medium having instructions stored thereon to cause a system to:

- generate a plurality of lists of mailing addresses, each of said lists containing a portion of a primary mailing list (col. 16 lines 19-26);
- allocate a plurality of independent electronic mail delivery resources (FIG. 5, "Data distribution servers") wherein plurality of electronic mail delivery resources are capable of processing separate ones of the plurality of lists in parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15);
- provide separate ones of the plurality of lists or groups of the plurality of lists to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 16 lines 26-32);
- create the electronic mail messages based on the lists and on generic message content data wherein the creation is by the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 5 lines 14-17); and
- transmit the electronic mail messages with the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources to addressees contained in the lists sent to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 9 lines 1-9).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the "jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5).

#### Regarding claim 22

Langseth teaches a method for transmitting electronic messages comprising:

- generating a plurality of lists of mailing addresses, each of said lists containing a portion of a primary mailing list (col. 16 lines 19-26), wherein plurality of electronic mail delivery resources are capable of processing separate ones of the plurality of lists in

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parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15);

- providing separate ones of the plurality of lists or groups of the plurality of lists to the

plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 16 lines 26-32);

- wherein each of the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources can create the

electronic mail messages based on the lists and on generic message content data (col. 5

lines 14-17); and

- wherein the electronic mail messages can be transmitted by the plurality of electronic

mail delivery resources to addressees contained in the lists sent to the plurality of

electronic mail delivery resources (col. 9 lines 1-9).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data

delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the

"jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of

mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such

as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5).

Regarding claim 23

Langseth teaches a machine readable medium having instructions stored thereon to cause a

system to:

- generate a plurality of lists of mailing addresses, each of said lists containing a portion of

a primary mailing list (col. 16 lines 19-26), wherein plurality of electronic mail delivery

resources are capable of processing separate ones of the plurality of lists in parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15);

- provide separate ones of the plurality of lists or groups of the plurality of lists to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 16 lines 26-32);
- wherein each of the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources can create the electronic mail messages based on the lists and on generic message content data (col. 5 lines 14-17); and
- wherein the electronic mail messages can be transmitted by the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources to addressees contained in the lists sent to the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 9 lines 1-9).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the "jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5).

### Regarding claim 24

Langseth teaches a system for transmitting electronic messages comprising:

- a plurality of lists of mailing addresses, each of said lists containing a portion of a primary mailing list (col. 3 lines 14-21);
- a plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (FIG. 5, "Data distribution servers") each capable of receiving one of the plurality of lists (col. 16 lines 26-32) and each capable of working in parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15) to perform:

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o generating the electronic mail messages from generic message content data (col.

5 lines 14-17) and

o transmitting the generated electronic mail messages to addressees in one of the

plurality of lists (col. 9 lines 1-9)

wherein the number of electronic mail delivery resources is estimated to satisfy a target

delivery time (col. 3 lines 26-29).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data

delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the

"jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of

mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such

as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5)...

Regarding claim 41

Langseth teaches a fault-tolerant method for transmitting electronic messages comprising the

steps of:

- allocating a plurality of independent electronic mail delivery resources (FIG. 5, "Data

distribution servers") wherein plurality of electronic mail delivery resources are capable

of processing separate ones of the plurality of lists in parallel (col. 14 lines 8-15);

- creating the electronic mail messages by the plurality of electronic mail delivery

resources based on the lists and on generic message content data (col. 5 lines 14-17);

- transmitting the electronic mail messages with the plurality of electronic mail delivery

resources to addressees contained in the lists sent to the plurality of electronic mail

delivery resources (col. 9 lines 1-9); and

restarting any stalled or failed electronic mail delivery resource wherein the restarting is

from a check point (col. 19 lines 42-46).

It should be noted that Langseth teaches distributing and splitting of multiple jobs in a data

delivery server such as an e-mail delivery server (see col. 3 lines 22-26). It is inherent for the

"jobs" in an e-mail delivery server to be at least the e-mail messages with plurality of lists of

mailing addresses, wherein each of the lists at least dedicates to a selected terminal device such

as a pager, e-mail, telephone, fax, HTML mail, or other delivery method (see col. 9 lines 1-5).

Regarding claims 2 and 12

Langseth teaches initiating a primary electronic mail transmission process in a first computer

(FIG. 5, "Data distribution control system 60"), wherein the first computer is capable of

communicating with the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (FIG. 5, "Data

distribution servers 62").

Regarding claims 3 and 13

Langseth teaches the first computer is a database server containing the lists of mailing addresses

(col. 12 lines 11-20).

Regarding claims 4, 14 and 42

Langseth teaches verifying that an electronic mail message has been sent to each addressee set

forth in the lists of mailing addresses (col. 19 lines 42-48).

Regarding claims 5 and 15

Langseth teaches partitioning a primary mailing list into the plurality of lists of mailing addresses

(col. 16 lines 20-26).

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Regarding claims 6 and 16

Langseth teaches designating at least one bounced mail resource capable of receiving any

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bounced messages or replies (col. 19 lines 42-45, "Queue"); and wherein the at least one

bounced mail resource is capable of providing delivery failure information in a compact form

(col. 19 lines 46-50).

Regarding claims 7 and 17

Langseth teaches reviewing mail transmission progress information generated by the electronic

mail delivery resources (col. 24 lines 21-45).

Regarding claims 10 and 20

Langseth teaches primary mailing list is stored at a location separated from the plurality of

electronic mail delivery resources (col. 16 lines 14-16).

Regarding claim 25

Langseth teaches the number of electronic mail delivery resources is based on the number of

addressees in the primary mailing list (col. 15 lines 47-52).

Regarding claims 31 and 39

Langseth teaches an independent electronic mail delivery resource in the plurality of independent

electronic mail delivery resources can be one of: a mail transfer agent, an independent computing

device, and a process (see FIG. 5).

Regarding claims 32 and 40

Langseth teaches the number of electronic mail transmission resources is estimated to satisfy a

target delivery time (col. 3 lines 26-29).

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Langseth teaches transmitting the generic message content data to at least one of the plurality of

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electronic mail delivery resources (see FIG. 5).

Regarding claims 35 and 37

Langseth teaches the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources is located on a first local

network (col. 16 lines 14-16); and wherein the lists and the generic message content data are

transmitted from a second local network to the first local network (FIG. 5 shows the generic

messages are transmitted from the data distribution servers 62).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 9, 19, 26-27, 30, 33, 36 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being 6.

unpatentable over Langseth in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,937,162 ("Funk").

Regarding claims 9 and 19

Langseth does not specifically teach automatically updating the primary mailing list based on

returned mail information.

However, Funk teaches automatically updating the primary mailing list based on returned

mail information (see col. 15 lines 21-25) for the purpose of effectively and automatically

handled bounce e-mail messages (see col. 3 lines 38-40).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to incorporate the handling of bounce e-mail messages of Funk with the system of

Langseth because it would provide for the purpose of effectively and automatically handled

bounce e-mail messages.

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Langseth does not specifically teach one or more bounced mail resources capable of modifying

the primary address list based on failed delivery of electronic mail messages.

However, Funk teaches automatically updating the primary mailing list based on returned

mail information (see col. 15 lines 21-25) for the purpose of effectively and automatically

handled bounce e-mail messages (see col. 3 lines 38-40).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to incorporate the handling of bounce e-mail messages of Funk with the system of

Langseth because it would provide for the purpose of effectively and automatically handled

bounce e-mail messages.

Regarding claim 27

Langseth does not specifically teach the plurality of lists of mailing addresses is determined

based on recognizing that a number of members of the primary address list reside in a common

network.

However, Funk teaches the plurality of lists of mailing addresses is determined based on

recognizing that a number of members of the primary address list reside in a common network

(col. 3 lines 63-67) for the purpose of efficiently controlling e-mail delivery to a plurality of

destination hosts (see col. 3 lines 59-63).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to incorporate the organizing method of Funk with the system of Langseth because it

would provide for the purpose of efficiently controlling e-mail delivery to a plurality of

destination hosts.

Funk teaches one or more request processing resources capable of processing requests for

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changes to the primary mailing list (col. 15 lines 10-20).

Regarding claim 33

Funk teaches the allocating can be delayed until the plurality of independent electronic mail

delivery resources are available (col. 14 lines 34-42).

Regarding claims 36 and 38

Funk teaches designating at least one request processing resource capable of processing requests

for changes to the primary mailing list (col. 15 lines 21-25); and wherein the at least one request

processing resource is capable of providing subscription change information in a compact form

(col. 15 lines 14-20).

Claims 8, 18, 28 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 7.

Langseth in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,835,762 ("Gans").

Regarding claims 8 and 18

Langseth does not teach restarting any stalled or failed electronic mail delivery resource

identified in the viewing and wherein the restarting is from a checkpoint.

However, Gans teaches a system for processing electronic mail in parallel including a

guardian process capable of examining system information periodically to initiate, restart, or stop

one or more resources (col. 8 lines 26-30, "the guardian process retains ... stop one or more

processes") for the purpose of identifying and assisting the process in determining how to

proceed.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the guardian process of Gans with the system of Langseth because it would provide for the purpose of identifying and assisting the process in determining how to

proceed.

Regarding claim 28

Langseth does not teach an electronic mail delivery resource in the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources is automatically restarted if it stalls or fails.

However, Gans teaches an electronic mail delivery resource in the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources is automatically restarted if it stalls or fails (col. 8 lines 26-30, "the guardian process retains ... stop one or more processes") for the purpose of identifying and assisting the process in determining how to proceed.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the guardian process of Gans with the system of Langseth because it would provide for the purpose of identifying and assisting the process in determining how to proceed.

Regarding claim 29

Langseth does not teach a check point system capable of restarting any stalled or failed electronic mail delivery resource in the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources.

However, Gans teaches a guardian process (checkpoint system) capable of restarting any stalled or failed electronic mail delivery resource in the plurality of electronic mail delivery resources (col. 8 lines 26-30, "the guardian process retains ... stop one or more processes") for the purpose of identifying and assisting the process in determining how to proceed.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to incorporate the guardian process of Gans with the system of Langseth because it

would provide for the purpose of identifying and assisting the process in determining how to

proceed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to examiner Thomas Pham; whose telephone number is (571) 272-3689, Monday - Thursday

from 6:30 AM - 5:00 PM EST or contact Supervisor Mr. Anthony Knight at (571) 272-3687.

Any response to this office action should be mailed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O.

Box 1450, Alexandria VA 22313-1450. Responses may also be faxed to the official fax

number (703) 872- 9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thomas Pham
Patent Examiner

Anthony Knight

Supervisory Patent Examiner

**Group 3600** 

June 21, 2005